**Population**

People experiencing homelessness in the United States, likely between 2007 to present

Could be:

* Youth
* Families
* Single Adults
* Veterans
* Seniors

**Intervention**

The intervention is not something that is actively manipulated. Instead it is systemic or structural factors whose changes may also be associated with changes in homelessness.

These could be:

* Unemployment
* Rental costs
* Health costs
* Education
* Public transportation costs
* Housing policy decisions
* Other unknown factors

**Comparison or Control**

The comparisons may be from year to year (with different states of the above factors) or between states

**Outcome**

There is the ability to observe a relationship between the factor and changes in homelessness

There will be some kind of measure that is consistently used across years or geography to measure the rate (%) or absolute numbers of homelessness

**Question**

For people who experience homelessness in the United States, what are the structural or systemic factors that that are associated with changes in homelessness?

Does the number (or rate) of people who experience homelessness [in X state in the United States] change as [factor] increases or decreases?